

CONSOLE TYPE AIR CONDITIONER INSTALLATION MANUAL



INSTALLATION MANUAL

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MANUEL D'INSTALLATION

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MANUAL DE INSTALACIÓN ESPAÑOL

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Read this manual carefully before installing or operating your new air conditioning unit. Make sure to save this manual for future reference.

Please check the applicable models, F-GAS and manufacturer information from the

"Owner's Manual - Product Fiche" in the packaging of the outdoor unit.

For German/Dutch/Poland/Denmark/Estonia/Lithuania/Latvia/Norway/Sweden/

Portugees languages, please visit the website: www.beijerref-carrier.com

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Accessories

The air conditioning system comes with the following accessories. Use all of the installation parts and accessories to install the air conditioner. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electrical shock and fire, or cause the equipment to fail. The items are not included with the air conditioner must be purchased separately.

Name of Accessories	Qʻty(pc)	Shape	Name of Accessories	Qʻty(pc)	Shape
Manual	2~4	Manual	Remote controller (some models)	1	
Transfer connector ($\Phi \Phi 12.7 - \Phi \Phi 15.9$)	1		Battery (some models)	2	ø
(some models)	•		Soundproof / insulation	2	\bigcirc
Transfer connector	4	m	sheath (some models)	_	
$(\Phi \Phi 6.35 - \Phi \Phi 9.52)$ (some models)	1		Heat insulation pipe	1	0
Transfer connector ($\Phi \Phi 9.52 \cdot \Phi \Phi 12.7$) (some models)	1		Anchor	6 (depending on models)	
Magnetic ring (wrap the electric wires S1 & S2 (P & Q & E)	1		Mounting plate fixing screw	6 (depending on models)	<i>«шиши</i> с]
around the magnetic ring twice) (some models)		ে∰এ S1&S2(P&Q&E)	Drain joint (some models)	1	
Magnetic ring (Hitch it on the connective cable between indoor	1		Seal ring (some models)	1	
unit and outdoor unit after installation.) (some models)			Copper nut	2	
Wired remote controller	1		Red short connected wire (some models)	1	
(some models)			Air freshening filter (some models)	2	

Optional accessories

There are two types of remote controls: wired and wireless.
 Select a remote controller based on customer preferences and requirements and install in an
 appropriate place.

Refer to catalogues and technical literature for guidance on selecting a suitable remote controller.

Name	Shape		Quantity(PC)
Connecting pipe assembly		⊕6.35(1/4in)	
	Liquid side	Ф9.52(3/8in)	
		Ф12.7(1/2in)	Parts you must purchase
	Gasside	Ф9.52(3/8in)	about the proper pipe size of
		Ф12.7(1/2in)	the unit you purchased.
		Ф16(5/8in)	
		Ф19(3/4in)	
		Ф22(7/8in)	

Installation Summary



Install the indoor unit



Install the drainpipe



Install the outdoor unit





4 Connect the refrigerant pipes

system

Evacuate the refrigeration

Connect the wire



Unit Parts

NOTE: The installation must be performed in accordance with the requirement of local and national standards. The installation may be slightly different in different areas.



NOTE ON ILLUSTRATIONS

- The piping can be connected from the left, right, rear and lower sides of the unit. Please select the piping method according to the actual demand.
- Illustrations in this manual are for explanatory purposes. The actual shape of your indoor unit may be slightly different. The actual shape shall prevail.

Indoor Unit Installation

Installation Instructions - Indoor unit

NOTE: Panel installation should be performed after piping and wiring have been completed.

Step 1: Select installation location Before installing the indoor unit, you must choose an appropriate location. The following are standards that will help you choose an appropriate location for the unit.

Proper installation locations meet the following standards:

- ☑ Enough room exists for installation and maintenance.
- ☑ Enough room exists for the connecting the pipe and drainpipe.
- ☑ The ceiling is horizontal and its structure can sustain the weight of the indoor unit.

<u>DO NOT</u> install unit in the following locations:

- ⊘ Areas with oil drilling or fracking
- O Coastal areas with high salt content in the air
- Ø Areas with caustic gases in the air, such as hot springs
- Ø Areas that experience power fluctuations, such as factories
- Ø Enclosed spaces, such as cabinets
- Ø Kitchens that use natural gas
- ⊘ Areas with strong electromagnetic waves
- \oslash Areas that store flammable materials or gas
- Rooms with high humidity, such as bathrooms or laundry rooms

Recommended distances between the indoor unit

The distance between the mounted indoor unit should meet the specifications illustrated in the following diagram.



Step 2: Installing the main body

• After loosening the screws, remove the mounting plate from the unit.



NOTE: If the pipe comes out on the left, it is necessary to loosen the screws on the bottom mounting plate. If the pipe comes out in other directions, it is not necessary.

• Fix the mounting plate with a tapping screw onto the wall. NOTE: It is recommended to fix it on the wall according to the hanging hole indicated by the arrow on the mounting plate. Mounting plate must be installed horizontally.



 Hang the indoor unit on the mounting plate. (The bottom of body can touch the floor or remain suspended, but the body must be installed vertically.)

NOTE: After installation, the unit shall be kept horizontal without tilting.



Bottom mounting plate installation
 Installation without skirting

when discharging the right pipe.

The bottom mounting plate is fixed directly to the wall.



Installation with skirting line

tool and fix it on the skirting line.

Knock the bottom mounting plate straight with a

Indoor Unit Installation 2. Remove the cover plate.

Remove the pipe cover plate and install the internal and external connecting pipes.



NOTE: Install small-size piping first, and then large-size piping.

NOTE: All the figures in this manual are for demonstration purposes only. The air conditioner you have purchased may be slightly different in design, though similar in shape.

Step 4: Network address set (some models)

(Only for the case of optional multi-function board with XYE interface.)

Every air-conditioner in network has only one network address to distinguish each other. Address code of air-conditioner in LAN is set by code switches F1 & ENC3 on the multifunction board of the indoor unit, and the set range is 0-63. (Optional multi-function board)

Toggle switch set			Network	
F1	ENC3			code
		~		00~15
		~		16~31
		~		32~47
		\sim		48-63

Step 5: Drill wall hole for connective piping

- 1. Determine the location of the wall hole based on the location of the outdoor unit.
- 2. Using a 65mm (2.5in) or 90mm(3.54in) (depending on models)core drill, drill a hole in the wall. Make sure that the hole is drilled at a slight downward angle, so that the outdoor end of the hole is lower than the indoor end by about 12mm (0.5in). This will ensure proper water drainage.
- 3. Place the protective wall cuff in the hole. This protects the edges of the hole and will help seal it when you finish the installation process.

When drilling the wall hole, make sure to avoid wires, plumbing, and other sensitive





Recommended position and size of back outlet pipe through wall hole

Step 6: Connect drain hose

The drainpipe is used to drain water away from the unit. Improper installation may cause unit and property damage.

- Insulate all piping to prevent condensation, which could lead to water damage.
- If the drainpipe is bent or installed incorrectly, water may leak and cause a water-level switch malfunction.
- In HEAT mode, the outdoor unit will discharge water. Ensure that the drain hose is placed in an appropriate area to avoid water damage and slippage.
- <u>DO NOT</u> pull the drainpipe forcefully. This could disconnect it.

NOTE ON PURCHASING PIPES

Installation requires a polyethylene tube (exterior diameter = 3.7-3.9cm, interior diameter = 3.2cm), which can be obtained at your localhardware store or dealer.

- 1. Cover the drainpipe with heat insulation to prevent condensation and leakage.
- 2. Attach the mouth of the drain hose to the unit's outlet pipe. Sheath the mouth of the hose and clip it firmly with a pipe clasp.



NOTE ON DRAINPIPE INSTALLATION

- When using an extended drainpipe, tighten the indoor connection with an additional protection tube. This prevents it from pulling loose.
- The drainpipe should slope downward at a gradient of at least 1/100 to prevent water from flowing back into the air conditioner.
- Incorrect installation could cause water to flow back into the unit and flood.

NOTE: When connecting multiple drainpipes, install the pipes as illustrated.



In order to ensure smooth drainage, the height difference between the wall outlet and the hanging plate must be greater than 470mm.



Drainage pipe fixing requirements When installing the drainage pipe (not provided), please fix it with a tie or rope.



Outdoor Unit Installation

Install the unit by following local codes and regulations, there may be differ slightly between different regions.



Installation Instructions - Outdoor unit

Step 1: Select installation location Before installing the outdoor unit, you must choose an appropriate location. The following are standards that will help you choose an appropriate location for the unit.

Proper installation locations meet the following standards:

- Meets all spatial requirements shown in Installation Space Requirements above.
- Firm and solid—the location can support the unit and will not vibrate
- ☑ Noise from the unit will not disturb others
- Protected from prolonged periods of direct sunlight or rain
- Where snowfall is anticipated, take appropriate measures to prevent ice buildup and coil damage.

- <u>DO NOT</u> install unit in the following locations:
- Near an obstacle that will block air inlets and outlets
- Near a public street, crowded areas, or where noise from the unit will disturb others
- Near animals or plants that will be harmed by hot air discharge
- Ø Near any source of combustible gas
- In a location that is exposed to large amounts of dust
- In a location exposed to a excessive amounts of salty air

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR EXTREME WEATHER

If the unit is exposed to heavy wind:

Install unit so that air outlet fan is at a 90° angle to the direction of the wind. If needed, build a barrier in front of the unit to protect it from extremely heavy winds. See Figures below.



If the unit is frequently exposed to heavy rain or snow:

Build a shelter above the unit to protect it from the rain or snow. Be careful not to obstruct air flow around the unit.

If the unit is frequently exposed to salty air (seaside):

Use outdoor unit that is specially designed to resist corrosion.

Step 2: Install drain joint(Heat pump unit only)

Before bolting the outdoor unit in place, you must install the drain joint at the bottom of the unit. Note that there are two different types of drain joints depending on the type of outdoor unit.

If the drain joint comes with a rubber seal (see Fig. A), do the following:

- 1. Fit the rubber seal on the end of the drain joint that will connect to the outdoor unit.
- 2. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit.
- 3. Rotate the drain joint 90° until it clicks in place facing the front of the unit.
- 4. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint to redirect water from the unit during heating mode.

If the drain joint doesn't come with a rubber seal (see Fig. B), do the following:

- 1. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit. The drain joint will click in place.
- 2. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint to redirect water from the unit during heating mode.



IN COLD CLIMATES

In cold climates, make sure that the drain hose is as vertical as possible to ensure swift water drainage. If water drains too slowly, it can freeze in the hose and flood the unit. Step 3: Anchor outdoor unit

The outdoor unit can be anchored to the ground or to a wall-mounted bracket with bolt(M10). Prepare the installation base of the unit according to the dimensions below.

UNIT MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

The following is a list of different outdoor unit sizes and the distance between their mounting feet. Prepare the installation base of the unit according to the dimensions below.

Outdoor Unit Types and Specifications

Split Type Outdoor Unit



Outdoor Unit Installation

(unit: mm/inch)

	(,
Outdoor Unit Dimensions	Mounting Dimensions	
W x H x D	Distance A	Distance B
760x590x285 (29.9x23.2x11.2)	530 (20.85)	290 (11.4)
780x540x250 (30.7x21.25x9.85)	549 (21.6)	276 (10.85)
770x555x300 (30.3x21.85x11.8)	487 (19.2)	298 (11.7)
810x558x310 (31.9x22x12.2)	549 (21.6)	325 (12.8)
845x700x320 (33.27x27.5x12.6)	560 (22)	335 (13.2)
900x860x315 (35.4x33.85x12.4)	590 (23.2)	333 (13.1)
945x810x395 (37.2x31.9x15.55)	640 (25.2)	405 (15.95)
990x965x345 (38.98x38x13.58)	624 (24.58)	366 (14.4)
938x1369x392 (36.93x53.9x15.43)	634 (24.96)	404 (15.9)
900x1170x350 (35.4x46x13.8)	590 (23.2)	378 (14.88)
800x554x333 (31.5x21.8x13.1)	514 (20.24)	340 (13.39)
845x702x363 (33.27x27.6x14.3)	540 (21.26)	350 (13.8)
946x810x420 (37.24x31.9x16.53)	673 (26.5)	403 (15.87)
946x810x410 (37.24x31.9x16.14)	673 (26.5)	403 (15.87)
952x1333x410 (37.5x52.5x16.14)	634 (24.96)	404 (15.9)
952x1333x415 (37.5x52.5x16.34)	634 (24.96)	404 (15.9)
890x673x342 (35x26.5x13.46)	663 (26.1)	354 (13.94)
765x555x303 (30.1x21.8x11.9)	452 (17.8)	286(11.3)
805x554x330 (31.7x21.8x12.9)	511 (20.1)	317 (12.5)

Rows of series installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A	
1 - 1	L ≤ 1/2H	25 cm / 9.8″ or more	
	1/2H < L ≤ H	30 cm / 11.8″ or more	
L > H	Can not be installed		



Refrigerant Piping Connection

When connecting refrigerant piping, <u>do not</u> let substances or gases other than the specified refrigerant enter the unit. The presence of other gases or substances will lower the unit's capacity, and can cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigeration cycle. This can cause explosion and injury.

Note on Pipe Length

Ensure that the length of the refrigerant pipe, the number of bends, and the drop height between the indoor and outdoor units meets the requirements shown in the following table :

Type of model	Capacity (Btu/h)	Length of piping	Maximum drop height
North America, Australia and the eu frequency conversion Split Type	<15K	25/82	10/32.8
	≥15K - <24K	30/98.4	20/65.6
	≥24K - <36K	50/164	25/82
	≥36K - ≤60K	75/246	30/98.4
Other Split Type	12K	15/49	8/26
	18K-24K	25/82	15/49
	30K-36K	30/98.4	20/65.6
	42K-60K	50/164	30/98.4

The Maximum Length And Drop Height Based on Models. (Unit: m/ft.)

Mark the data plate with the Orifice installed(for some models).

- Please purchase the fittings according to the requirements in the manual strictly.
- Refer the diagram when installing.



Oil traps

If oil flows back into the outdoor unit's compressor, this might cause liquid compression or deterioration of oil return. Oil traps in the rising gas piping can prevent this.

An oil trap should be installed every 6m(20ft) of vertical suction line riser

(<36000Btu/h unit).

An oil trap should be installed every 10m(32.8ft) of vertical suction line riser (≥36000Btu/h unit).



Refrigerant piping Connection

Connection Instructions – Refrigerant Piping

- The branching pipe must be installed horizontally. An angle of more than 10° may cause malfunction.
- <u>DO NOT install the connecting pipe until</u> both indoor and outdoor units have been installed.
- Insulate both the gas and liquid piping to prevent water leakage.

Step 1: Cut pipes

When preparing refrigerant pipes, take extra care to cut and flare them properly. This will ensure efficient operation and minimize the need for future maintenance.

- 1. Measure the distance between the indoor and outdoor units.
- 2. Using a pipe cutter, cut the pipe a little longer than the measured distance.
- 3. Make sure that the pipe is cut at a perfect 90° angle.



O DO NOT DEFORM PIPE WHILE CUTTING

Be extra careful not to damage, dent, or deform the pipe while cutting. This will drastically reduce the heating efficiency of the unit.

Step 2: Remove burrs.

Burrs can affect the air-tight seal of refrigerant piping connection. They must be completely removed.

1. Hold the pipe at a downward angle to prevent burrs from falling into the pipe.

2. Using a reamer or deburring tool, remove all burrs from the cut section of the pipe.



Step 3: Flare pipe ends

Proper flaring is essential to achieve an airtight seal.

- 1. After removing burrs from cut pipe, seal the ends with PVC tape to prevent foreign materials from entering the pipe.
- 2. Sheath the pipe with insulating material.
- Place flare nuts on both ends of pipe. Make sure they are facing in the right direction, because you can't put them on or change their direction after flaring.



- 4. Remove PVC tape from ends of pipe when ready to perform flaring work.
- 5. Clamp flare form on the end of the pipe. The end of the pipe must extend beyond the flare form.



- 6. Place flaring tool onto the form.
- Turn the handle of the flaring tool clockwise until the pipe is fully flared. Flare the pipe in accordance with the dimensions.

PIPING EXTENSION BEYOND FLARE FORM

Pipe gauge	Tightening torque	Flare dimension (A) (Unit: mm/Inch)		Flare shape
		Min.	Max .	
Ø 6.35	18-20 N.m (180-200 kgf.cm)	8.4/0.33	8.7/0.34	90°±4
Ø 9.52	32-39 N.m (320-390 kgf.cm)	13.2/0.52	13.5/0.53	
Ø 12.7	49-59 N.m (490-590 kgf.cm)	16.2/0.64	16.5/0.65	R0.4~0.8
Ø 16	57-71 N.m (570-710 kgf.cm)	19.2/0.76	19.7/0.78	
Ø 19	67-101 N.m (670-1010 kgf.cm)	23.2/0.91	23.7/0.93	
Ø 22	85-110N.m (850-1100 kgf.cm)	26.4/1.04	26.9/1.06	

8. Remove the flaring tool and flare form, then inspect the end of the pipe for cracks and even flaring.

Step 4: Connect pipes

Connect the copper pipes to the indoor unit first, then connect it to the outdoor unit. You should first connect the low-pressure pipe, then the highpressure pipe.

- 1. When connecting the flare nuts, apply a thin coat of refrigeration oil to the flared ends of the pipes.
- 2. Align the center of the two pipes that you will connect.



- 3. Tighten the flare nut as tightly as possible by hand.
- 4. Using a spanner, grip the nut on the unit tubing.

5. While firmly gripping the nut, use a torque wrench to tighten the flare nut according to the torque values in above table.

NOTE: Use both a spanner and a torque wrench when connecting or disconnecting pipes to/from the unit.



- Ensure to wrap insulation around the piping. Direct contact with the bare piping may result in burns or frostbite.
- Make sure the pipe is properly connected. Over tightening may damage the bell mouth and under tightening may lead to leakage.

NOTE ON MINIMUM BEND RADIUS

Carefully bend the tubing in the middle according to the diagram below. <u>DO NOT</u> bend the tubing more than 90° or more than 3 times.

Bend the pipe with thumb

min-radius 10cm (3.9")

6. After connecting the copper pipes to the indoor unit, wrap the power cable, signal cable and the piping together with binding tape.

NOTE: DO NOT intertwine signal cable with other wires. While bundling these items together, do not intertwine or cross the signal cable with any other wiring.

- 7. Thread this pipeline through the wall and connect it to the outdoor unit.
- 8. Insulate all the piping, including the valves of the outdoor unit.
- 9. Open the stop valves of the outdoor unit to start the flow of the refrigerant between the indoor and outdoor unit.

Check to make sure there is no refrigerant leak after completing the installation work. If there is a refrigerant leak, ventilate the area immediately and evacuate the system (refer to the Air Evacuation section of this manual).

NOTE: After connecting the piping, please wrap the connecting pipe head with the insulation pipe in the accessory package.

Wiring

BEFORE PERFORMING ANY ELECTRICAL WORK, READ THESE REGULATIONS

- 1. All wiring must comply with local and national electrical codes, regulations and must be installed by a licensed electrician.
- 2. All electrical connections must be made according to the Electrical Connection Diagram located on the panels of the indoor and outdoor units.
- 3. If there is a serious safety issue with the power supply, stop work immediately. Explain your reasoning to the client, and refuse to install the unit until the safety issue is properly resolved.
- 4. Power voltage should be within 90-110% of rated voltage. Insufficient power supply can cause malfunction, electrical shock, or fire.
- 5. If connecting power to fixed wiring, a surgeprotector and main power switch should be installed.
- 6. If connecting power to fixed wiring, a switch or circuit breaker that disconnects all poles and has a contact separation of at least 1/8in (3mm) must be incorporated in the fixed wiring. The qualified technician must use an approved circuit breaker or switch.
- 7. Only connect the unit to an individual branch circuit outlet. Do not connect another appliance to that outlet.
- 8. Make sure to properly ground the air conditioner.
- 9. Every wire must be firmly connected. Loose wiring can cause the terminal to overheat, resulting in product malfunction and possible fire.
- 10.Do not let wires touch or rest against refrigerant tubing, the compressor, or any moving parts within the unit.
- 11. If the unit has an auxiliary electric heater, it must be installed at least 1 meter (40in) away from any combustible materials.
- 12.To avoid getting an electric shock, never touch the electrical components soon after the power supply has been turned off. After turning off the power, always wait 10 minutes or more before you touch the electrical components.

- Make sure that you do not cross your electrical wiring with your signal wiring. This may cause distortion and interference.
- 14. The unit must be connected to the main outlet. Normally, the power supply must have a impedance of 32 ohms.
- 15. No other equipment should be connected to the same power circuit.
- 16. Connect the outdoor wires before connecting the indoor wires.

BEFORE PERFORMING ANY ELECTRICAL OR WIRING WORK, TURN OFF THE MAIN POWER TO THE SYSTEM.

NOTE ON AIR SWITCH

When the maximum current of the air conditioner is more than 16A, an air switch or leakage protection switch with protective device shall be used(purchased seperately). When the maximum current of the air conditioner is less than 16A, the power cord of air conditioner shall be equipped with plug (purchased seperately). In North America, the applicance should be wired according to NEC and CEC requirements.





NOTE: The cographs are for explanation purpose only. Your machine may be slightly different. The actual shape shall prevail.

Outdoor Unit Wiring

/I\ WARNING

Before performing any electrical or wiring work, turn off the main power to the system.

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection
 - a. You must first choose the right cable size. Be sure to use H07RN-F cables.

NOTE: In North America, choose the cable type according to the local electrical codes and regulations.

Minimum Cross-Sectional Area of Power and Signal Cables (For reference)

Rated Current of Appliance (A)	Nominal Cross-Sectional Area (mm²)
>3 and ≤ 6	0.75
> 6 and ≤ 10	1
> 10 and \leq 16	1.5
> 16 and ≤ 25	2.5
> 25 and \leq 32	4
> 32 and ≤ 40	6

CHOOSE THE RIGHT CABLE SIZE

The size of the power supply cable, signal cable, fuse, and switch needed is determined by the maximum current of the unit. The maximum current is indicated on the nameplate located on the side panel of the unit. Refer to this nameplate to choose the right cable, fuse, or switch.

NOTE: In North America, please choose the right cable size according to the Minimum Circuit Ampacity indicated on the nameplate of the unit.

b. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacketfrom both ends of the signal cable to reveal approximately 15cm (5.9") of wire.

- c. Strip the insulation from the ends.
- d. Using a wire crimper, crimp u-lugs on the ends.

NOTE: When connecting the wires, strictly follow the wiring diagram found inside the electrical box cover.

2. Remove the electric cover of the outdoor unit. If there is no cover on the outdoor unit, take off the bolts from the maintenance board and remove the protection board.



- 3. Connect the u-lugs to the terminals Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block. Firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal.
- 4. Clamp down the cable with the cable clamp.
- 5. Insulate unused wires with electrical tape. Keep them away from any electrical or metal parts.
- 6. Reinstall the cover of the electric control box.

Indoor Unit Wiring

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection
 - a. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of the signal cable to reveal about 15cm (5.9") of the wire.
 - b. Strip the insulation from the ends of the wires.
 - c. Using a wire crimper, crimp the u-lugs to the ends of the wires.
- 2. Pull the left and right handles of the front panel, 5. pull the panel outward, and open the panel.



 Remove the electric control box. Connect the u-lugs to the terminals. Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block, Firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal. Refer to the Serial Number and Wiring Diagram located on the cover of the electric control box.



NOTE: When taking out the electric control box, pay attention to loosen and remove the terminal.

Magnetic ring (if supplied and packed with the accessories)



Pass the belt through the hole of the Magnetic ring to fix it on the cable

- Illustrations in this manual are for explanatory purposes. The actual shape shall prevail.
- While connecting the wires, please strictly follow the wiring diagram.
- The refrigerant circuit can become very hot.
 Keep the interconnection cable away from
 the connective
- 5. the copper tube.
- Clamp down cable with the designated cable clamp to secure it in place. The cable should not be loose, and should not pull on the u-lugs.

Reinstall the electric box cover and the front panel of the indoor unit.

Power Specifications

MODEL (Btu/h)		<16K	16K~18K
DOWED	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase
POWER	FREQUENCY AND VOLT	220-240V~, 50Hz/60Hz	220-240V~, 50Hz/60Hz
CIRCUIT BREAKER/FU	SE(A)	20/16	20/16
INDOOR UNIT POWER	R WIRING(mm ²)		
	OUTDOOR UNIT POWER WIRING	3x1.5	3x2.5
INDOOR/OUDOOR CONNECTING WIRING(mm²)	STRONG ELECTRIC SIGNAL	4x1.0	4x1.0
	WEAK ELECTRIC SIGNAL		
	GROUND WIRING	1.5	2.5

Air Evacuation

Preparations and Precautions

Air and foreign matter in the refrigerant circuit can cause abnormal rises in pressure, which can damage the air conditioner, reduce its efficiency, and cause injury. Use a vacuum pump and manifold gauge to evacuate the refrigerant circuit, removing any non-condensable gas and moisture from the system.

Evacuation should be performed upon initial installation and when unit is relocated.

BEFORE PERFORMING EVACUATION

- Check to make sure the connective pipes between the indoor and outdoor units are connected properly.
- Check to make sure all wiring is connected properly.

Evacuation Instructions

- 1. Connect the charge hose of the manifold gauge to service port on the outdoor unit's low pressure valve.
- 2. Connect another charge hose from the manifold gauge to the vacuum pump.
- 3. Open the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge. Keep the High Pressure side closed.
- 4. Turn on the vacuum pump to evacuate the system.
- Run the vacuum for at least 15 minutes, or until the Compound Meter reads -76cmHG (-10⁵Pa).



- 6. Close the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge, and turn off the vacuum pump.
- 7. Wait for 5 minutes, then check that there has been no change in system pressure.

- 8. If there is a change in system pressure, refer to Gas Leak Check section for information on how to check for leaks. If there is no change in system pressure, unscrew the cap
- 9. from the packed valve (high pressure valve). Insert hexagonal wrench into the packed valve (high pressure valve) and open the valve by turning the wrench in a 1/4 counterclockwise turn. Listen for gas to exit the system, then close the valve after 5 seconds.
- 10. Watch the Pressure Gauge for one minute to make sure that there is no change in pressure. The Pressure Gauge should read slightly higher than atmospheric pressure.
- 11. Remove the charge hose from the service port.



- valve stem
- 12. Using hexagonal wrench, fully open both the high pressure and low pressure valves.
- 13. Tighten valve caps on all three valves (service port, high pressure, low pressure) by hand. You may tighten it further using a torque wrench if needed.

OPEN VALVE STEMS GENTLY

When opening valve stems, turn the hexagonal wrench until it hits against the stopper. Do not try to force the valve to open further.

Note on Adding Refrigerant

Some systems require additional charging depending on pipe lengths. The standard pipe length varies according to local regulations. For example, in North America, the standard pipe length is 7.5m (25'). In other areas, the standard pipe length is 5m (16'). The refrigerant should be charged from the service port on the outdoor unit's low pressure valve. The additional refrigerant to be charged can be calculated using the following formula:

Liquid Side Diameter

	ф6.35(1/4″)	ф9.52(3/8″)	φ12.7(1/2")
R22 (orifice tube in the indoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 30g (0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 65g(0.69oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 115g(1.23oZ)/m(ft)
R22 (orifice tube in the outdoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x15g(0.16oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x30(0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x60g(0.64oZ)/m(ft)
R410A: (orifice tube in the indoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x30g(0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x65g(0.69oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x115g(1.23oZ)/m(ft)
R410A: (orifice tube in the outdoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x15g(0.16oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x30g(0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x65g(0.69oZ)/m(ft)
R32 :	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 12g(0.13oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 24g(0.26oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 40g(0.42oZ)/m(ft)

<u>CAUTION</u> <u>DO NOT</u> mix refrigerant types.

Only for Australia models :

- This unit contains factory charged refrigerant covering 20m of refrigerant piping and additional refrigerant charge on the installation site is not required for an installation with up to 20m refrigerant piping. When refrigerant piping exceeds 20m, additionally charge an amount calculated from the pipe length and the above table for the portion in excess of 20m.
- If an existing pipe system is used, a required refrigerant charge volume will vary depending on the liquid pipe size.

Formula to calculate the volume of additional refrigerant required :

Additional charge volume (kg) = { Main length (m) – Factory charged volume 20(m) } × 0.03(kg/m)

• Make sure to remove the additional refrigerant amount according to the nameplate rated charge (under 5m refrigerant piping) under market or government verification testing .

Test Run

Before Test Run

A test run must be performed after the entire system has been completely installed. Confirm the following points before performing the test:

- a) Indoor and outdoor units are properly installed.
- b) Piping and wiring are properly connected.
- c) No obstacles near the inlet and outlet of the unit that might cause poor performance or product malfunction.
- d) Refrigeration system does not leak.
- e) Drainage system is unimpeded and draining to a safe location.
- f) Heating insulation is properly installed.
- g) Grounding wires are properly connected.
- h) Length of the piping and additional refrigerant stow capacity have been recorded.
- i) Power voltage is the correct voltage for the air conditioner.

Failure to perform the test run may result in unit damage, property damage, or personal injury.

Test Run Instructions

- 1. Open both the liquid and gas stop valves.
- 2. Turn on the main power switch and allow the unit to warm up.
- 3. Set the air conditioner to COOL mode.
- 4. For the Indoor Unit
 - a. Ensure the remote control and its buttons work properly.
 - b. Ensure the louvers move properly and can be changed using the remote control.
 - c. Double check to see if the room temperature is being registered correctly.
 - d. Ensure the indicators on the remote control and the display panel on the indoor unit work properly.
 - e. Ensure the manual buttons on the indoor unit works properly.

- f. Check to see that the drainage system is unimpeded and draining smoothly.
- g. Ensure there is no vibration or abnormal noise during operation.
- 5. For the Outdoor Unit
 - a. Check to see if the refrigeration system is leaking.
 - b. Make sure there is no vibration or abnormal noise during operation.
 - c. Ensure the wind, noise, and water generated by the unit do not disturb your neighbors or pose a safety hazard.
- 6. Drainage Test
 - a. Ensure the drainpipe flows smoothly. New buildings should perform this test before finishing the ceiling.
 - b. Remove the test cover. Add 2,000ml of water to the tank through the attached tube.
 - c. Turn on the main power switch and run the air conditioner in COOL mode.
 - d. Listen to the sound of the drain pump to see if it makes any unusual noises.
 - e. Check to see that the water is discharged. It may take up to one minute before the unit begins to drain depending on the drainpipe.
 - f. Make sure that there are no leaks in any of the piping.
 - g. Stop the air conditioner. Turn off the main power switch and reinstall the test cover.

NOTE: If the unit malfunctions or does not operate according to your expectations, please refer to the Troubleshooting section of the Owner's Manual before calling customer service. The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice for product improvement. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details. Any updates to the manual will be uploaded to the service website, please check for the latest version.

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Carrier is committed for continuous improvement of Carrier products according to national and international standards to ensure the highest quality and reliability standards, and to meet market regulations and requirements. All specifications subject to change without prior notice according to Carrier policy of continuous development

BEIJER REF AB Stortorget 8 Malmö Sweden